

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

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OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISORS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

Welsh Government Registered Social Landlord Number: L110
Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 Register Number: 27421R

Chair J Thomas

Vice Chair M Reed

Other Members: W Bowler G Thomas

C Jones S Tipping
L Howells J Jackson
P Crockett A Hearn

P Kennedy

N Gardner (Elected Sep 21)

B Thompson (Elected Jan 22)

S Sailsu (Elected Jan 22)

N Thomas (Elected Jan 22)

Company Secretary: T Broadhead

Management Team: P Kennedy (Chief Executive)

P Crockett (Deputy Chief Executive)

J Kirrane (Executive Director of People, Homes & Communities)
A Huckin (Executive Director of Innovation, Culture & Improvement)

Registered Office: Ty'r Efail, Lower Mill Field

Pontypool, Torfaen, NP4 0XJ

Internal Auditors: TIAA

Artillery House Fort Fareham Newgate Lane Fareham PO14 1AH

Statutory Auditors: Haines Watts Wales LLP

7 Neptune Court

Vanguard Way, Cardiff CF24 5PJ

Solicitors: Blake Morgan

Bradley Court Park Place

Cardiff, CF10 3DP

Bankers: Barclays Bank plc

PO Box 1015

VISION, VALUES AND STRATEGY

Melin Homes seeks to be a dynamic organisation that works with others to make a positive difference to the people and communities we work with. We provide quality homes and services in Blaenau Gwent, Monmouthshire, Newport, Powys and Torfaen.

As a registered social landlord, we work closely with local authorities and other partners to build thriving communities. Our mission is to make a positive impact on neighbourhoods by providing high-quality social housing to those who need it. We also give financial advice to our tenants and organise community events to enhance the lives of residents.

Why do we exist

We exist to create opportunities for people and communities to thrive

How do we behave?

Together we can...

- Do the right thing
- Find a way
- Make things happen
- Make a difference
- Enjoy the journey

What we do:

The Melin SMaC Recipe:

- Deliver our purpose and live our values
- Build and maintain affordable homes
- Be a good employer
- Be proactive about collaborative and partnership working
- Listen to and engage with our residents and communities
- Grow our business in a sustainable and ethical way
- Only do things that benefit our residents or communities
- Deliver core services only in South East Wales
- Don't undertake activity that will put our reputation, assets or financial viability at risk
- Only carry out core enabling activities if costs are covered or surplus generated, if commercial, that can be reinvested into core
- Not provide services that are the statutory duty of others unless we are so commissioned

Corporate Strategy

The Association's corporate strategy is set out in a separate document which is reviewed annually. The strategy outlines the direction of travel for Melin Homes, whilst recognising the landscape and operating environment in which we work will continue to change. We

continue to be a social landlord at heart, delivering affordable housing and related services to a wide range of people in need.

Well, another year when the COVID 19 pandemic continued to affect the way we live. I am sure none of us expected to still be operating in this mode. I am so proud that the staff of Melin Homes have continued to deliver new homes and been able to continue to support our existing tenants.

Our tenants have helped us by adapting to the way the delivery of services has changed. It has remained important for us to carry on delivering our vision of enabling individuals and communities to thrive. Our staff and tenants have continued to communicate in new ways, and it is wonderful to see our communities team back out helping tenants with litter picks, gardening projects and many other activities. We are about more than providing houses we want to support homes. I want to thank all our tenants for their ongoing patience and understanding as we work our way out of the pandemic.

As part of our ongoing commitment to develop 1,000 houses over 5 years we successfully secured £3.82m in grant support which despite the COVID lockdowns and restrictions enabled us to handover 162 new homes and commence work on another 47 homes. These were a mix of rented homes and included 54 Homebuy transactions which enabled people to take a step on the ladder into owning their own home.

Our subsidiary Candleston has started on site at Grove Farm, the houses have attracted huge interest and the first families moved in this year. The benefit that this approach brings is the access to affordable housing for rent as well as for low-cost home ownership and the reinvestment of profits into developing future homes.

Our 100 Voices Group of 400 members (now Voices) has been widened so that every resident has an opportunity to be involved in consultations around Melin's service delivery. In the last year we have asked residents' opinions on service charges, refuse and recycling, income recovery, cleaning/window cleaning, grounds maintenance, how Melin performed in the pandemic and what residents knew about the Voices and the Board.

This coming year we will be looking further at how the Board can better hear the views of our tenants and how they can influence decision making. The pandemic has provided opportunities for tenants to engage in many ways. I hope the Voices will continue to grow with a wider group of tenants able to feed their views into the organisation. My thanks go to Natalie Gardener the Chair of the Voices, who recently stepped down as the Chair, for her dedication and enthusiasm in reshaping tenant engagement.

The Board has approved an ambitious Decarbonisation Strategy. Climate Change is one of the defining challenges of our lifetime and Melin is committed to playing our part in reducing carbon emissions to zero and making a positive difference to the lives of our current and future residents by putting sustainability and affordable warmth at the forefront of all we do. We have made considerable progress towards our 2030 goal, securing a £1.8 million grant from Welsh Government to address not only the energy efficiency of our homes but also tackle the very real issue of affordable warmth. We have also completed the installation of electric vehicle charging units at the Melin Offices and introduced hybrid and electric vehicles to the commercial fleet as well as procuring renewable electricity for all Melin communal and commercial buildings.

Last year we signed the Deeds not Words Pledge that had been developed by Tai Pawb, a part of this was a pledge to further diversify the Board. I am pleased to say that we successfully recruited two new board members from ethnically diverse backgrounds.

We received our latest Regulatory Judgement in December 2020. The judgement remained at Standard for Governance and Standard for Financial Viability, which is the highest level that can be achieved, and we have developed a Regulatory Assurance Plan to ensure that we continue to meet regulatory expectations.

The success of Melin is reliant on our staff and Board Members. I can honestly say that I feel privileged to be Chair of an organisation with such committed people. The Board has now moved to a mix of in person and online meetings. Our staff have continued to find new ways of working and adjust to the new normal. I would like to say a huge Thank You to every member of our Board and to each of our staff.

J Thomas Chair

REPORT ON HOUSING ASSOCIATION GOVERNANCE

The Board is responsible for ensuring that the Association maintains a system of internal financial control, including suitable monitoring procedures to review its effectiveness. The system is designed to manage rather than eliminate risk of failure to achieve business objectives. However, any such system can only provide reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

In fulfilling these responsibilities, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks on the basis of the principles of corporate governance contained in Community Housing Cymru (CHC) Code of Governance and Welsh Government Housing circular RSL 02/10, Internal Controls and Reporting. The Board has considered all of the major business and financial risks.

Governance and financial control have been subject to regular review and the following implemented:

- control of key financial risks through clearly defined authorisation levels and proper segregation of duties;
- risk assessment procedures for the appraisal of all property development schemes;
- regular budgetary monitoring and reporting of operating surpluses, balance sheets and cash flows to the Board;
- reports by senior officers, internal and external auditors on the system of internal
 financial controls and compliance with key internal procedures, including those relating to
 income, payroll and payments, contracts, treasury management, new developments and
 the safeguarding of the Association's assets;
- clear responsibilities on the part of key members of staff for the maintenance of sound financial controls and the production of reliable and timely financial management information;
- procedures and policies are in place to ensure the prevention, detection and reporting of frauds and including a review by the Board of the current register of frauds.

No weaknesses in internal control have been found which would result in any material losses, contingencies or uncertainties which would require disclosure as recommended by the above mentioned circular.

On the basis that a system can provide only reasonable, but not absolute assurance and that it relates to the needs of the business, the system as a whole was found at the time of approving the financial statements to be generally appropriate to the scale of the Association's activities.

REPORT ON HOUSING ASSOCIATION GOVERNANCE (continued)

To effectively discharge its functions the Board is required to have a knowledgeable and balanced membership. The Association actively seeks to maintain a membership which contains a broad range of skills, background and interests from which suitable members of the Board of Management can be drawn. The Board consider that it needs experience and understanding in all areas of the business that is Melin to discharge its responsibilities effectively. Where new skills are required which cannot be met by training the Association will use co-option.

The number of Board places reserved for residents will be limited to 1/5 of the Board. This is only available to residents of the Association which have been elected by the residents of the Association. Residents who have been elected to the Board will serve for 3 years from the date of the election and will be eligible to be nominated for re-election.

Residents elected to the Board must comply with the obligations on all Board members as laid down by the Association's rules and will immediately cease to be Board members if they cease to be a tenant of the Association.

REPORT OF THE BOARD

The Board presents its report for the year ended 31 March 2022.

The Group

The Group is a not-for-profit organisation administered by a voluntary Board of Management. The Group is zoned to operate throughout Blaenau Gwent, Monmouthshire, Newport, Powys and Torfaen and operates from two offices based in Pontypool. The Group operates and provides 4,558 units of accommodation. It has housing properties which have a NBV of £302 million. It employs 236 people of whom 152 provide housing related services.

Principal Activities

The Group's principal activities are the development and management of social housing together with the provision of excellent services to our customers.

Board Members and Senior Officers

The present Board members and Senior Officers of Melin are set out on page 2, four members were elected.

Employees

In addition to the Board, the strength of the Group lies in the quality and commitment of its employees. Our ability to meet our strategic aspirations is determined by the contribution that is made by all staff and in all parts of the business.

In recognition of this we have continued to invest in our people and create a positive working environment and culture.

We continue to support our staff in understanding the role they play in delivering the Group's objectives and the progress that is being made thanks to their input. The Group provides training to support both organisational and individual development and seeks peoples' views on how to meet challenges and improve services.

Our staff have been rewarded for their hard work with the national recognition of Investors In People Gold, Customer Service Excellence, Corporate Health Standard Platinum and Best Companies accreditation.

The Group is committed to providing equality of opportunity and embracing the diversity of all its current and future employees.

Health and Safety

The Board is aware of its responsibilities on all matters relating to health and safety. Melin employs a Head of Corporate Health and Safety, who has prepared detailed health and safety policies and provides staff training and education on health and safety matters.

REPORT OF THE BOARD (continued)

Officers' Insurance

The Group has maintained insurance against the liabilities of all the Board members and Senior Officers in relation to the Group.

Performance for the Year

The Group achieved a surplus for the year of £5,179,000, compared to last year's deficit of £1,693,000.

Melin was also able to make significant achievements with some highlights stated below:

- Rent arrears remained low during the year and stood at 1.6% in March 2022;
- Former tenant arrears remained low in March 2022 at 0.35%;
- Voids losses stood at 1.17% at March 2022.
- Gas compliancy stood at 100% at March 2022;
- Average satisfaction with reactive repairs stood at 80.23% in March 2022;
- Melin's effective cash management, together with low interest rates, generated savings of £511k in loan interest against the budgeted amount.

Environmental (E), Social (S) and Governance(G) Targets

ESG targets are a hot topic at the moment and are now being incorporated into new loan facilities to ensure that RSL's are doing what they should be doing and that Banks are playing their part in ensuring that this is the case. Melin has set the following targets linked to its current Corporate Strategy:

KPI	Target	21/2 2 Tar get	21/22 Actua I	22/23 Targe t	23/24 Targe t	24/25 Targe t	25/26 Targe t
Social – Tenancy Sustainabilt y	Number of tenancy failures as a % of the residential tenancies granted by Melin during the year	3%	0.28%	3%	3%	3%	3%
Environmen tal – Improving efficiency of current stock	Average SAP rating of existing housing properties with actual EPC's	77.9 9	78.28	78.16	78.41	78.66	78.91
Governanc e – Gender Pay Gap	Melin improves or maintains its Median Gender Pay Gap performance	+/- 1%	0.21%	+/-1%	+/-1%	+/-1%	+/-1%

The Association is committed to maximising the resources available to it and generating sufficient reserves to protect our core business and pursue our future aspirations. As we do this we have a clear understanding of our risk appetite and the need to meet the following funding requirements:

- Maintaining the Group's housing properties in a sound state of repair;
- Financing long term loan repayments;
- Providing a cushion against risk and future uncertainties; and
- Financing new schemes and developments internally.

Future Developments

The Group is zoned to operate and provide new homes in Blaenau Gwent, Monmouthshire, Newport, Powys and Torfaen Council areas.

- Melin has an agreed five-year development plan, and during 2021/2022 resources were allocated to start work on 117 new homes, as well as to purchase land for development.
- The Group will continue to seek new and innovative ways of providing new homes and improving service delivery, and is pleased to be involving residents in this ongoing process.

Housing Properties

The Group spent £22 million on the acquisition and development of housing properties. This was financed primarily through Grants of £7 million and internal financing of £15 million was recovered in the form of loans.

Cash Flow and Liquidity

The net cash outflow during the year was £2,023k compared to an outflow of £5,138k in 2020/21. £30 million was drawn down in June 2021 from Macquarie and £18.5m was paid down on our Barclays RCF during the year.

REPORT OF THE BOARD (continued)

Capital Structure

Housing properties (£302 million) are financed by grants of £154 million (51%), loans of £125 million (41%) and cumulative internal funds of £23 million (8%).

Going Concern

After making enquiries the Board has a reasonable expectation that the Group has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. For this reason, it continues to adopt the going concern basis in the financial statements.

Risk

Our approach to risk has always been to embed risk management practices into day-to-day activities as much as possible and ensure that it is part of the culture of the organisation to manage risk effectively. Melin's Board and staff are committed to ensuring that risk is minimised as we seek to achieve our objectives and that effective risk management continues to underpin the delivery of our corporate vision and values. Melin has consistently increased our focus on the management of risk and has aligned our risk register in accordance to the Welsh Government's assessment of sector-wide risks.

Our methods of reviewing, monitoring and assessing risk has ensured that we operate in an environment where emerging risks can be planned for in advance to minimise potential impact on our business and financial performance. Melin has developed a Board Assurance Framework (BAF) that links our strategic risks to our internal performance measures as well as our external assurances. This ensures that our risk management processes consider the bigger picture and we are able to identify emerging risks at an earlier stage. The Audit and Assurance Committee are responsible for monitoring the effectiveness of our BAF, which forms part of the quarterly reporting presented to the sub-Committee and Board. We encourage our leaders to monitor and manage their operational risks and ensure strategic links are made to the BAF where relevant.

Below are the most significant strategic risks currently facing Melin, along with a summary of control measures in place to manage the relevant risk:

- Welfare Reform The Welfare Reform Act 2012 introduced a wide range of reforms to the benefits and tax credits system. So far, the impact upon Melin has been minimal, however we have continued to develop our systems and adapt our staff teams to be able to effectively manage the transition. We actively work with our residents to get them back into work and have a dedicated money advice team that aim to get more money back into our resident's pockets. We launched a 'we don't bite' campaign to encourage our residents to talk to us and consistently work with other local organisations in partnership to benefit our residents;
- Pension costs The provision of an employer pension is a statutory requirement.
 Melin has historically operated two final salary schemes and then in 2010 introduced
 two defined contribution schemes. The final salary schemes are with Social Housing
 Pension Scheme (SHPS) and Local Government Pension Scheme (LGPS) and to
 minimise future liabilities these were closed to new staff in 2010. However, with a
 climate of poor return on investments, lower take up rates of new employees,
 significant changes in demographic assumptions and the appointment of a more
 prudent Actuary, these schemes are now significantly under-funded. Melin will be

working closely with external advisors to best determine how to mitigate this risk further.

• Covid-19 - Covid-19 has had a major impact on the day to day the running of the Group. The Group moved quickly to suspend certain operations. These measures were taken in order to protect both our staff and our residents by limiting our potential to transmit the virus through contact that was not essential in its nature. Other measures to protect our workforce include the provision of PPE (Personal Protective Equipment). The Group had a thoroughly tested business continuity plan which was enacted, and which has allowed the vast majority of staff to conduct their work from home. The Board has provided leadership and oversight during this period, and for our staff and our residents, as much as possible it is business as usual, just undertaken in a different way. Since the outbreak the Group has been meeting regularly to discuss all aspects of our activities in order to monitor our responses, and to keep them up to date as new information is released.

Statement of the Responsibilities of the Board for the Financial Statements

The Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act and Registered Social Housing legislation require the Board to prepare financial statements for each financial year which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Association and of the surplus or deficit of the Association for that period. In preparing those financial statements, the Board has:

- selected suitable policies and applied them consistently;
- made judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- followed applicable accounting standards and the Statement of Recommended Practice "Accounting by Registered Housing Associations"; and
- prepared the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume the company will continue in business.

The Board is responsible for keeping proper accounting records which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Association and enable it to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Schedule 1 to the Housing Act 1996 and the Accounting Requirements for Social Landlords registered in Wales General Determination 2015. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Association and for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

In so far as the Board is aware:

- there is no relevant audit information of which the Association 's auditors are unaware; and
- the Board have taken all steps that they ought to have taken to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the auditors are aware of that information.

Annual General Meeting

The annual general meeting will be held on 21 September 2022 at the Melin Offices, Pontypool.

Auditors

A resolution to appoint Haines Watts Wales LLP will be proposed at the annual general meeting.

The report of the Board was approved on 20 July 2022 and signed on its behalf by:

Br

Tom BroadheadCompany Secretary

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of Melin Homes Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Melin Homes Limited (the 'Parent Association') for the year ended 31 March 2022 which comprise the Consolidated Statement of comprehensive income, Consolidated Statement of Financial Position, Consolidated Statement of Cashflows and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and of the Parent Association's affairs as at 31 March 2022 and of its income and expenditure for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Act 2014, schedule 1 to the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and The Accounting requirements for Registered Social Landlords General Determination (Wales) 2015.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the Parent Association in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the boards' use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the Group and Parent Association's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the board with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinion on the matters prescribed under Housing Association Circular RSL 02/10 "Internal controls and reporting"

In our opinion, with respect to the Board's statement on internal financial control:

 the Board has provided the disclosures required by the Circular and the statement is not inconsistent with the information of which we are aware from our audit work on the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Act requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- the Group and Parent Association has not kept proper books of account, and not maintained a satisfactory system of control over its transactions, in accordance with the requirements of the legislation; or
- the revenue account, any other accounts to which our report relates, and the balance sheet are not in agreement with the Group an Parent Association 's books of account; or
- we have not obtained all the information and explanations necessary for the purposes of our audit.

Responsibilities of the Board

As explained more fully in the Board's responsibilities statement set out on page 10, the Board is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the Board determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible for assessing the Group and Parent Association's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Board either intends to liquidate the Group and Parent Association or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are

considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

Our planning procedures identify the legal and regulatory frameworks applicable to the operations and financial statements of the Association. These are reviewed internally with the audit team including relevant industry experience and expectations as well as externally with the client management. The key laws and regulations we considered in this context were; Financial Report Standard (FRS) 102, Co-Operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014, Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and the Accounting Requirements for Registered Social Landlords General Determination (Wales) 2015.

Once identified, we assess the risks of material misstatements in relation to the laws and regulations, irregularities, including fraud and adjust our testing accordingly. Our audit procedures include:

- Discussing with Board and Management which areas they believe to be more susceptible to fraud, and whether they have any knowledge or suspicion of fraudulent activities;
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but, except to the extent
 otherwise explicitly stated in our report, not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on
 the effectiveness of the Parent Association's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- Assessing the risk of management override and review and testing of journal entries made into the accounting system;
- Discussing with Directors and Management the legal and regulatory obligations of the business and whether they have any knowledge or suspicion of non compliance.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Despite the audit being planned and conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) there remains an unavoidable risk that material misstatements in the financial statements may not be detected owing to inherent limitations of the audit, and that by their very nature, any such instances of fraud or irregularities likely involve collusion, forgery, intentional misrepresentation, or the override of internal controls.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located

on the Financial Reporting Council's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our Report of the Auditors.

Auditor's responsibilities in respect of the Housing for Wales Circular HFW 02/10 "Internal controls and reporting"

We review whether the Board's statement on internal financial control reflects the Association's compliance with the Housing Association Circular RSL 02/10 "Internal controls and reporting" and we report whether the statement is not inconsistent with the information of which we are aware from our audit of the financial statements. We are not required to form an opinion on the effectiveness of the Association's corporate governance procedures or its internal financial control.

Use of Report

This report is made solely to the Parent Association's members, as a body, in accordance with the requirements of the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies (Group Accounts) Regulations 2014, the Housing and Regeneration Act 2008 and The accounting requirements for Registered Social Landlords General Determination (Wales) 2015. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Parent Association's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Parent Association and the Parent Association's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Haines Watts Wales LLF Statutory Auditor 7 Neptune Court

Vanguard Way Cardiff

CF24 5PJ

Date 17 August 2022

Dates Wales Hot

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income For the year ended 31 March 2022

		GF	ROUP		ASSOCIATION	
	Notes	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	
Turnover	3	27,208	28,870	26,001	24,758	
Less: Operating costs	3	(21,843)	(23,561)	(20,501)	(19,563)	
Operating surplus	6	5,365	5,309	5,500	5,195	
Surplus/(Deficit) on sale of fixed assets		0	2	0	2	
Interest receivable Interest payable Pension Deficit Contributions Finance impact of SHPS Fair Value Movement on Investment Properties	7 8 21 21	97 (3,809) 0 0 55	136 (3,148) 0 0	97 (3,682) 0 0 55	136 (3,148) 0 0	
Surplus before tax		1,708	2,316	1,970	2,202	
Taxation	26	(9)	(10)	(9)	(10)	
Surplus for the year after taxation		1,699	2,306	1,961	2,192	
		1,699	2,306	1,961	2,192	
Actuarial gain/(loss) on pension	21	3,480	(3,999)	3,480	(3,999)	
Total comprehensive income		5,179	(1,693)	5,441	(1,807)	

CONTINUING OPERATIONSNone of the Group's or Association's activities were acquired or discontinued during the above two financial years.

HISTORICAL COSTThere is no difference between the reported surplus and the historical surplus.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Reserves For the year ended 31 March 2022

GROUP

	Revenue Reserve £'000	Total Reserves £'000
At 1 April 2021 Surplus from statement of	17,241	17,241
comphrehensive income	5,179	5,179
Actuarial movement	-	-
Transfers to reserves	-	-
Transfers (from) reserves	-	-
At 31 March 2022	22,420	22,420

ASSOCIATION

	Revenue Reserve £'000	Total Reserves £'000
At 1 April 2021 Surplus from statement of	17,488	17,488
comphrehensive income	5,441	5,441
Actuarial movement	-	-
Transfers to reserves		
Transfers (from) reserves		-
At 31 March 2022	22,929	22,929

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at 31 March 2022

Notes			GRO	UP	ASSOCIA	ATION
Housing properties - gross cost				2021		
Housing properties - gross cost - depreciation 10 (47,035) (43,524) (47,035) (47,035		Notes	£'000	£.000	£'000	900'3
Long Term Investments	Tangible fixed assets					
Long Term Investments	Housing properties - gross cost	10	348,893	327.392	339,680	322,453
Current assets		10		(43,524)	(47,035)	(43,524)
Other 12 3,276 3,491 3,276 3,491 Current assets Investments Debtors: amounts falling due within one year Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year Debtors: amounts falling due after more than one year Housing Properties Held for Sale Cash at bank and in hand 113 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 28 3,575 28,431 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113			301,858	283,868	292,645	278,929
Current assets 113 113 113 113 113 125	Long Term Investments	11	23,554	22,553	23,554	22,553
113	Other	12	3,276	3,491	3,276	3,491
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year 13a 11,783 2,640 17,169 6,745 13b 10,960 11,117 11,117 10,960 11,117 10,960 11,117 10,960 11,117 11,117 10,960 11,117 10,960 11,117 10,960 11,117	Current assets					
Debtors amounts falling due after more than one year Housing Properties Held for Sale 27						
Housing Properties Held for Sale Cash at bank and in hand 27					,	
Cash at bank and in hand 3,575 5,598 3,330 4,518 Current flabilities 26,431 19,468 31,572 22,493 Current flabilities (24,334) (20,859) (19,753) (18,698) Grants: amounts falling due within one year 17 (1,373) (1,329) (1,373) (1,329) Net current assets 724 (2,720) 10,446 2,466 Total assets less current liabilities 329,412 307,192 329,921 307,439 Non-current liabilities 329,412 307,192 329,921 307,439 Non-current liabilities 329,412 307,192 329,921 307,439 Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (149,156) (133,195) (149,156) (133,195) (149,156) (133,195) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (1			10,960	11,117	10,960	11,117
Current liabilities		21	3 575	5 598	3.330	4.518
Current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 14 (1,373) (1,329) (1,373) (1,329) (1,373) (1,329) (1,373) (1,329) Grants: amounts falling due within one year 17 (1,373) (25,707) (22,188) (21,126) (20,027) Net current assets 724 (2,720) 10,446 2,466 Total assets less current liabilities 329,412 307,192 329,921 307,439 Non-current liabilities 329,412 (149,156) (133,195) (149,156) (133,195) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,830) (147,8	Oddinat bank and in namo					
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 14 (24,334) (1,373) (1,329) (1,373) (1,329) (18,698) (1,373) (1,329) Grants: amounts falling due within one year 17 (25,707) (22,188) (21,126) (20,027) Net current assets 724 (2,720) 10,446 2,466 Total assets less current liabilities 329,412 307,192 329,921 307,439 Non-current liabilities 15 (149,156) (133,195) (149,156) (133,195) (149,156) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (301,592) (281,025) Grants: amounts falling due after more than one year 17 (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) Grants: amounts falling due after more than one year 17 (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) Grants: amounts falling due after more than one year 17 (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) Grants: amounts falling due after more than one year 17 (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) Gallial and reserves 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Capital and reserves Revenue reserve 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488			20,731	13,400	01,012	22,400
17		000				
Net current assets 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 (20,027)						
Net current assets 724 (2,720) 10,446 2,466 Total assets less current liabilities 329,412 307,192 329,921 307,439 Non-current liabilities	Grants: amounts falling due within one year	17				
Non-current liabilities 329,412 307,192 329,921 307,439 Non-current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (149,156) (133,195) (149,156) (133,195) Grants: amounts falling due after more than one year 17 (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (301,592) (281,025) (301,592) (281,025) Pension Liability 21 (5,400) (8,926) (5,400) (8,926) Net assets 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Capital and reserves 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488			(25,707)	(22,188)	(21,126)	(20,027)
Non-current liabilities Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (149,156) (133,195) (149,156) (133,195) Grants: amounts falling due after more than one year 17 (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (301,592) (281,025) (301,592) (281,025) Pension Liability 21 (5,400) (8,926) (5,400) (8,926) Net assets 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Capital and reserves Revenue reserve 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488	Net current assets		724	(2,720)	10,446	2,466
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (149,156) (133,195) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (149,156) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (149,156) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) Pension Liability 21 (5,400) (8,926) (5,400) (8,926) (5,400) (8,926) Net assets 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Capital and reserves 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488	Total assets less current liabilities		329,412	307,192	329,921	307,439
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year 15 (149,156) (133,195) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (149,156) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (149,156) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) (152,436) (147,830) Pension Liability 21 (5,400) (8,926) (5,400) (8,926) (5,400) (8,926) Net assets 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Capital and reserves 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488	Non-current liabilities					
Capital and reserves Revenue reserve		15	(149,156)	(133, 195)	(149,156)	
Pension Liability 21 (5,400) (8,926) (5,400) (8,926) Net assets 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Capital and reserves Revenue reserve 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488	Grants: amounts falling due after more than one year	17	(152,436)	(147,830)	(152,436)	(147,830)
Net assets 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Capital and reserves 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488 Revenue reserve 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488			(301,592)	(281,025)	(301,592)	(281,025)
Capital and reserves 22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488	Pension Liability	21	(5,400)	(8,926)	(5,400)	(8,926)
Revenue reserve <u>22,420</u> 17,241 22,929 17,488	Net assets		22,420	17,241	22,929	17,488
Revenue reserve <u>22,420</u> 17,241 22,929 17,488	Caultal and recogne					
22,420 17,241 22,929 17,488			22,420	17,241	22,929	17,488
			22,420	17,241	22,929	17,488

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Management on 20 July 2022 and were signed on its behalf by:

Tom Broadhead
Company Secretary

Julie Thomas Chair

Martin Reed Vice chair

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The notes on pages 16 to 38 form part of the financial statements

STATEMENT OF CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW Year Ended 31 March 2022

Year Ended 31 March 2022					
			GROUP		ASSOCIATION
		12m ended	12m ended	12m ended	12m ended
	Note	31 Mar 2022	31 Mar 2021	31 Mar 2022	31 Mar 2021
		£'000	£,000	£'000	£'000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	1	5,709	14,110	2,143	15,889
Returns on investment and servicing of finance					
Interest paid		(3.782)	(3,191)	(3,655)	(3,191)
Interest received		97	136	(3,633)	(3,191)
Tax paid		(10)	(9)	(10)	
rax paid		(3,695)	(3,064)	(3,568)	(3,064)
Adiustments for relevantment is avioting properties		(3,093)	(3,004)	(3,300)	(3,004)
Adjustments for reinvestment in existing properties		(0.040)	(4.000)	(0.040)	(4.000)
Component replacements		(2,340)	(1,226)	(2,340)	(1,226)
Purchase of other replacement fixed assets		(24)	(40)	(24)	(40)
Free cash generated/(consumed) before loan repayments	S	(350)	9,780	(3,789)	11,559
Loans repaid (excluding revolving credit facilities)		(20,171)	(11,641)	(20,171)	(11,641)
Free cash consumed after loan repayments		(20,521)	(1,861)	(23,960)	(82)
Capital expenditure and financial investment					
Purchase and construction of housing properties		(22,024)	(17,601)	(17,750)	(19,609)
Component expenditure		(2,340)	(1,226)	(2,340)	(1,226)
Government grants received		8,568	3,004	8.568	3,004
Grants repaid		0	0	0	0
Purchase of other fixed assets		(534)	(908)	(534)	(908)
Sale of other fixed assets		161	125	161	125
Sale of housing properties and fixed asset investments		2,247	2.047	2,247	2,047
		0	0	0	0
Homebuy loans		55	17	55	17
Net cash inflow/(outflow) from investing activities		(13,866)	(14,543)	(9,592)	(16,550)
Free cash inflow/(outflow) before financing		(11.852)	(3,497)	(11,017)	(3,725)
		, , ,	,	(* (****)	(-1/
Financing					
Housing loans received		30,000	10,000	30,000	10,000
Housing loans repaid		(20,171)	(11,641)	(20,171)	(11,641)
Free cash (outflow)/inflow from financing		9,829	(1,641)	9,829	(1,641)
(Decrease)/Increase in cash	2	(2,023)	(5,138)	(1,188)	(5,366)
,	_			1,1,1,1,	(0)000

	RECONCILIATION OF THE OPERATING SURPLUS TO NET CASH	INFLOW			
	FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		GROUP		SSOCIATION
		12m ended 31 Mar 2022 £'000	12m ended 31 Mar 2021 £'000	12m ended 31 Mar 2022 £'000	12m ended 31 Mar 2021 £'000
1	Operating surplus	5,365	5,309	5,500	5,195
•	Depreciation of tangible assets	4,596	4,246	4,596	4,246
	Surplus on sale of assets	(882)	(419)	(882)	(419)
	(increase)/decrease in debtors	(9,236)	(14)	(10,517)	3,731
	increase/(decrease) in creditors	7.217	6,353	4,797	4,501
	Increase in stock	0	0	0	0
	Non cash movement in pension	(46)	(328)	(46)	(328)
	Amortisation of grant	(1,305)	(1,037)	(1,305)	(1,037)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	5,709	14,110	2,143	15,889
	RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW MOVEMENT TO MOVEM	ENT IN NET DEBT 12m ended 31 Mar 2022 £'000	12m ended 31 Mar 2021 £'000	12m ended 31 Mar 2022 £'000	12m ended 31 Mar 2021 £'000
2	(Decrease)/Increase in cash in the year	(2,023)	(5,138)	(1,188)	(5,366)
_	Cash inflow from changes in debt	(9,829)	1.641	(9,829)	1,641
	Non cash movement on debt	` ó	0	Ó	0
	Movement in net debt in the period	(11,852)	(3,497)	(11,017)	(3,725)
	Net debt at start of year	(105,088)	(101,591)	(106,168)	(102,443)
	Net debt at end of year	(116,940)	(105,088)	(117,185)	(106,168)
3	ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT				
	ASSOCIATION	31 Mar 2021 £'000	Cash flows £'000	Non cash amendments	31 Mar 2022 £'000
	Cash in hand and at bank	4,518	(1,188)	•	3,330
		4,518	(1,188)	•	3,330
	Debt due in less than one year	(1,012)	(657)	_	(1,669)
	Debt due in more than one year	(109,674)	(9,172)		(118,846)
	·	(400,400)	(44.047)	0	(447.405)
	Balance at end of year	(106,168)	(11,017)		(117,185)
	GROUP	31 Mar 2021 £'000	Cash flows £'000	Non cash amendments	31 Mar 2022 £'000
	Cash in hand and at bank	5,598	(2,023)	-	3,575
	च राजार राज्य क्षेत्र का राज्य का बच्चा १९	5,598	(2,023)	•	3,575
	Debt due in less than any year	(4.040)	(057)		(4.860)
	Debt due in less than one year Debt due in more than one year	(1,012) (109,674)	(657) (9,172)	•	(1,669) (118,846)
	Balance at end of year	(105,088)	(11,852)	0	(116,940)
		,,,,,,,,,,,,	(,)		, , , , , , , , ,

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

1. Legal Status

The Association is registered under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014 and is a Registered Social Landlord.

2. Accounting Policies

Basis of Accounting

The principal accounting policies of the Group and Association are set out below. The financial statements of the Association have been prepared in accordance with applicable accounting standards in the United Kingdom, including the Statement of Recommended Practice for "Accounting by Registered Social Housing Providers" as updated in 2018 (SORP 2018), and comply with the Accounting Requirements for Social Landlords registered in Wales General Determination 2015.

Turnover

Turnover comprises:

- a) rental income and service charges receivable from tenants less voids;
- b) management fees;
- c) housing property sales;
- c) revenue based grants; and
- d) sundry income.

Housing Properties

Housing properties are principally properties available for rent and are stated at cost.

Cost includes the:

- (i) cost of acquiring land and buildings;
- (ii) development expenditure;
- (iii) interest charges incurred during the development period (Interest on loans raised to finance the development are capitalised up to the date at which practical completion occurs); and
- (iv) development administration costs.

Following the implementation of component accounting, certain components of residential properties with asset lives which are different to the main structure, or shell, of those properties have been separately identified for depreciation purposes. On replacement of such assets the original asset is written off and the replacement asset is capitalised and depreciated over its useful life. On implementing the change in accounting policy the deprecation charges on all residential properties have been reinstated as if the policy had always been applied, replacement components previously written off as major repairs have been restated as fixed assets and components which have been replaced have been written off.

Where properties have been purchased from a private developer at a subsidised price due to local authorities recognising the lack of grant available, the cost of acquisition is grossed up by the value of the subsidised price.

"Housing properties in the course of construction" are stated at cost and are transferred into "housing properties" when completed. Any overhead costs directly attributable to bringing fixed assets into their working condition for their intended purpose are capitalised. Expenditure on the initial purchase of land and buildings is capitalised and disclosed as part of housing properties in the course of construction.

Where properties are sold under WG initiatives such as Right to Buy (RTB), Right to Acquire (RTA) or Shared Ownership the Association will deduct the original cost incurred and original SHG received from the balance sheet. Any surpluses that are made on the sale will be reinvested into our housing stock in the same way as any surplus made throughout the Association.

Basis of consolidation

The consolidated accounts include the results of Melin Homes Limited ("the Association") and its trading subsidiary undertaking Candleston Limited. Consolidated accounts are required under the Co-operative and Community Benefit Societies Act 2014. Melin Homes Limited is the parent entity and the ultimate parent entity. Where any conflict arises between the SORP 2018 and applicable financial reporting standards, then the SORP prevails.

Development Administration Costs

The cost of a housing property comprises its purchase price and any costs directly attributable to bringing it into working condition for its intended use. Directly attributable costs of the Association's staff arising directly from the construction, or acquisition of the property, and the incremental costs of the Association are capitalised where they relate to expenditure that would not have been incurred if the Association did not have an ongoing development programme. Detailed analysis of staff development activity is used as a basis of determining the amount of staff cost capitalised.

Abortive costs are capitalised where they form part of the Association's development programme unless it can be demonstrated that such costs are classed as excessive and are then charged to the income and expenditure account.

Properties awaiting sale

Properties awaiting sale are included in current assets at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

Social Housing Grant

Social Housing Grants are receivable from the Welsh Government and are utilised to reduce the capital costs of housing properties. The amount of SHG receivable is calculated on a fixed basis depending on the size, location and type of housing property.

Where properties have been purchased from a private developer at a subsidised price due to local authorities recognising the lack of grant available, the subsidy is treated as if grant had been received.

Where, following the sale of a property, SHG becomes repayable under certain circumstances, to the extent it is not subject to abatement, it is included as a current liability until it is recycled or repaid. SHG which is repayable will normally be restricted to net proceeds of sale. SHG is subordinated in respect of loans by agreement with the Welsh Government.

Grants received in relation to Housing Properties are shown within creditors and are disclosed as Deferred income net of amortisation. Grants held as deferred income are released over the useful life of the component to which they relate to in accordance with the depreciation policy set out below.

Other Grants

These include grants from local authorities and other organisations. Grants in respect of revenue expenditure are credited to the statement of comprehensive income in the same period as the expenditure to which they relate.

Loans & Interest Payable

Loans are advanced by Banks and Building Societies under the terms of individual mortgage deeds in respect of each property or housing scheme.

Interest is allocated at a constant rate on the carrying amount over the period of the borrowing, up to the date of practical completion.

Interest is capitalised on borrowings to finance developments to the extent that it accrues in respect of the period of development if it represents either:

- a) interest on borrowings specifically financing the development programme after deduction of interest on Social Housing Grant (SHG) in advance; or
- b) interest on borrowings of the Association as a whole after deduction of interest on SHG in advance to the extent that they can be deemed to be financing the development programme.

Other interest payable is charged to the income and expenditure account in the year.

Depreciation of Housing Properties

Where a housing property comprises two or more major components with substantially different useful economic lives, each component is accounted for separately and depreciated over its individual useful economic life. Expenditure relating to the subsequent replacement or renewal of components is capitalised as incurred. Depreciation is charged on the historic cost of property components. Freehold land is not depreciated. Leasehold land is depreciated over the remaining term of leases. The depreciable amount is written off over the estimated useful lives from the date of purchase/build as follows:

Component Type	Useful Life
New Build Houses / Flats – Structure	150 Years
Refurbishments/Acquisitions Houses – Structure	125 Years
Refurbishments/Acquisitions Flats - Structure	100 Years
Windows and Doors	25 Years
Kitchens	15 Years
Bathrooms	25 Years
Central Heating	30 Years
Boilers	15 Years
Solar Panels	25 Years
Outside Works	30 Years

Components on leasehold land are depreciated over the shorter of the above and the remaining period of the lease. Freehold land is not depreciated.

Impairment

Housing properties are reviewed for impairment on a regular basis. Where there is evidence of impairment, properties are written down to their recoverable value.

Other Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Other fixed assets, except freehold office premises are stated at cost and depreciation is provided evenly on the other fixed assets to write them down to their estimated residual values over their expected useful lives.

The principal annual rates, except for freehold office premises, used for other assets are:

Office and Scheme Manager Equipment

Computer equipment

Scheme Equipment

Motor vehicles - Leased

Motor vehicles - Purchased

10 years

3 years

3 years

4 years

Scheme equipment assets are held at sheltered accommodation sites and are depreciated on a straight line basis over the useful economic lives. The economic lives vary with the type of asset and range from 5 – 30 years.

The freehold premises comprise two or more components with substantially different useful economic lives. Each component is accounted for separately and depreciated over its useful economic life. Expenditure relating to the subsequent replacement or renewal of components is capitalised as incurred. Depreciation is charged on cost on a straight line basis over the component's expected useful life as follows:

Component Type	Useful Life
Freehold Office Premises - Structure	100 Years
Windows and Doors	25 Years
Kitchens	15 Years
Bathrooms	25 Years
Central Heating	30 Years
Boilers	15 Years
Solar Panels	25 Years
Outside Works	30 Years

Pensions

The Association participates in four pension schemes:-

(i) Social Housing Pension Scheme

A centralised final salary Social Housing Pension Scheme funded by contributions from all participating employers and employees in the scheme. Payments are made to a fund operated by the Pensions Trust, an independent Trust providing superannuation benefits for employees of voluntary organisations. These payments are made in accordance with periodic calculations by consulting actuaries.

(ii) Social Housing Pension Scheme – Defined Contribution

The association set up the Social Housing Pension Scheme defined contribution scheme in April 2014. The scheme is used as the association's auto enrolment scheme.

(iii) Greater Gwent (Torfaen) Pension Fund

A defined scheme, based on final pensionable salary, where contributions to the scheme are determined on the advice of independent actuaries to Torfaen CBC following triennial valuations, using the projected unit method. Retirement benefits are funded from contributions made by the Association and its employees to a multi-employer pension scheme, which provides defined benefits to employees on retirement.

(iv) Royal London

A defined contribution scheme which offers flexibility over payment levels, investment choice and control and benefit flexibility at retirement.

The provisions of FRS102, have been adopted. The expected cost to the Association of pensions is charged to the income and expenditure account so as to spread the cost of pensions over the service lives of employees.

The Association is able to identify its share of the underlying assets and liabilities of the pension scheme with regards to the Greater Gwent (Torfaen) Pension Fund and Social Housing Pension Scheme, and in accordance with the requirements of FRS102, discloses certain information concerning assets, liabilities, income and expenditure related to the pension scheme for its employees.

Both the Social Housing Pension Scheme and the Greater Gwent (Torfaen) Pension Fund were closed to any new members with effect from 1 October 2009.

Disclosures relating to the pension scheme are set out in a note to the financial statements.

Value Added Tax (VAT)

The Association is partially exempt for VAT purposes and claims are made for repayment of VAT on items that are specifically allowable. Expenditure is shown inclusive of irrecoverable VAT.

Corporation tax

Melin Homes Limited is registered with Charitable status as a housing association and with the Friendly Societies and Charity Commission. It benefits from corporation tax exemptions available to charitable bodies. Those primary purpose activities that fall within its charitable purposes and where its funds are applied only for these purposes are exempt from corporation tax. Those activities that are not primary purpose are subject to corporation tax for which full provision is made.

The remaining member of the Group is liable to Corporation Tax at the prevailing rate of taxation.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis. The Board have reviewed and considered relevant information, including the rolling forecasts and future cash flows in making their assessment. In particular, in response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the Board have tested their cash flow analysis to take into account the impact on their business of possible scenarios brought on by the impact of COVID-19, alongside the measures that they can take to mitigate the impact. Based on these assessments, given the measures that could be undertaken to mitigate the current adverse conditions, and the current resources available, the Board have concluded that they can continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and accounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

3. Turnover, Operating costs and Operating surplus

		<u>!</u>			ASSOCIATION	IATION
			2022			2021
	Turnover	Operating Costs	Operating Surplus	Turnover	Operating Costs	Operating Surplus
	000,3	£,000	£,000	€,000	£,000	£,000
Social housing lettings (Note 4) Other social housing activities	21,941	(17,644)	4,297	22,086	(17,607)	4,479
	2,242	(1,360)	882	1,220	(801)	419
Supporting people	Ü	ı	ı	1	t	•
Other	1	•		•	1	•
Non-social housing activities						
Lettings	122	(99)	56	120	(28)	92
Care & Repair	1,544	(1,425)	119	1,191	(1,122)	69
Rural Housing Enabler	•	(9)	(9)	•	(2)	(2)
Other	152	•	152	141	ı	141
	26,001	(20,501)	5,500	24,758	(19,563)	5,195

The above analysis represents the results of the Association, which is the only Registered Social Landlord in the Group. Its subsidiary contributed as follows to the operating position. A turnover of £1,365k occurred in the year, loss amounted to £262,090 thus leading to the overall group profit of £5,179k.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

4. Income and expenditure from social housing lettings

				ASS	OCIATION
				2022	2021
Income	General needs and sheltered housing £'000	Supported housing	Other social housing letting income	Total £'000	Total £'000
Rent receivable Service charges income Income for support services	18,926 1,228 3	75 5	68 116	19,069 1,349 3	18,124 1,383 3
Amortisation of grants	1,308	-	-	1,308	1,612
Physical Adaptation Grant	26	-	-	26	10
Furlough Income		-			512
DWF Income		-	141	141	100
Management Charge STBA	72	-	141	141 72	142
ORP retrofit	(168)			(168)	200
Turnover from social housing lettings	21,395	80	466	21,941	22,086
Cost					
Management costs	6,306	12	19	6,325	6,743
Service charge costs	1,786	3	43	1,832	1,603
Routine maintenance	4,533	1	16	4,550	4,115
Major repairs expenditure Bad debts	959 86	1.5	3	962 86	1,082 104
Depreciation on housing properties	4.008		-	4.008	3,752
STBA	56		•	56	3,732
ORP retrofit	(175)	100	ē -	(175)	208
Operating costs on social housing activities	17,559	4	81	17,644	17,607
Operating surplus on social housing activities	3,836	76	385	4,297	4,479
Rent loss due to voids (memorandum note)	(182)	-	•	(182)	(136)

The above analysis represents the results of the Association, which is the only Registered Social Landlord in the Group.

This year we have reclassified our direct work force costs out of management costs and into the relevant repairs costs.

5. Accommodation in Management

At the end of the year the number of units of accommodation in management for each class of	f			
accommodation was as follows:	GROUP & ASSOCIA			
	2022	2021		
	Number	Number		
Melin Rented	3,761	3,676		
Other Rented	41	41		
Service Costs Only	238	236		
Home Ownership	486	467		
Commercial	32	32		
	4,558	4,452		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2022

6.	Operating Surplus				GROUP	ASS	OCIATION
				2022	2021	2022	2021
				£.000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	is arrived at after charging:						
	Bad Debts			86	103	86	103
	Depreciation of housing properties			4,008	3751	4,008	3,751
	Depreciation of other tangible assets			325	304	325	304
	Depreciation of leased assets			263	246	263	246
	Auditors' remuneration - for audit services			21	21	18	18
	, ignited a significant of the s						
_	total of the section			2022	2021	2022	2021
r.	Interest Receivable and Other Income			£'000	2021 000'3	£'000	£'000
	Interest receivable and similar income			97	136	97	136
	RICHOST PEDEL PODIO GITA GITINGI MIGGINE						
۰	Interest Daughla and Similar Charges			2022	2021	2022	2021
8.	Interest Payable and Similar Charges			£'000	£'000	£,000	£'000
	Total Loan and overdraft interest payable			3,809	3,148	3,682	3,148
	Less: Capitalised overdraft interest			0	0	0	0
	On loans repayable in instalments wholly or partly in	more than fi	ve vears	3,809	3,148	3,682	3,148
	Officials repulsable in mediaments when you painty in	more trials to	10 ,0010				
_		2022	2021	2022	2021	2022	2021
9.	Employees	2022		2022 Number	Number	2022 Number	Number
	ETE number of ampleuses	Average	Average	Number	Number	Number	Number
	FTE number of employees; Office staff	159	161	159	161	156	158
	Scheme Managers	11	11	11	11.	10	10
	Painters & Decorators	7	7	7	7	6	7
	Cleaners (full time equivalents)	1	1	1	1	-	- '
	Electricians	15	15	15	15	13	15
	DWF	43	43	43	43	45	45
	Handypersons	2	2	2	2	2	2
		238	240	238	240	232	237
				2022	2021	2022	2021
	Staff costs (for the above persons)			90003	£'000	£'000	£'000
	Maron and enlaring			7,603	7,450	7,432	7,289
	Wages and salaries Social security costs			712	698	712	698
	Pension costs			1,081	1,058	1,074	1,052
	Permanent health costs			85	98	85	97
	Medicals			18_	8	18_	8
				9,499	9,312	9,321	9,144
	Officers and Senior Executives Emoluments						
	The remuneration paid to officers and senior executive	es					
	was:-			2022	2021	2022	2021
				000'3	£,000	£'000	£,000
	Emoluments (including pension contributions and benefits in kind)	Benefits to	be added	619	615	459	457
				2022	2024	2022	2024
	Emoluments within the following bands:			2022 £'000	2021 £'000	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	£70,000 - £79,999			2	2	-	
	£80,000 - £89,999			2	2	2	2
	£90,000 - £99,999			-	-	-	•
	£100,000 - £109,000			1	1	1	1
	£110,000 - £119,999			1	1	- 1	- 1
	£120,000 - £129,999						
	Emoluments include amounts paid to :-			2022	2021	2022	2021
	(excluding pension contributions)			£'000	£'000	£'000	£'000
	The highest paid senior executive			124	123	124	123
	THE HIGHEST PAIN SCHOOL CYCORDIAC			124	120	124	120

The Chief Executive is a member of the Royal London Defined Contribution pension scheme. Melin Homes Ltd makes an employer contribution of 9% into the scheme.

Emoluments were paid to 12 members of the Board during the year. This amounted to £57,572.65 for the year (2021: £54,168). Expenses paid during the year to members of the Board amounted to £0 (2021: £218).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2022

10. Tangible Fixed Assets - Housing Properties

rangisio i ixaa xaaata maaanig i rop					GROUP
	Housing Properties Held for Letting £'000	Housing Properties Under Construction £'000	Completed Shared Ownership Housing Properties £'000	Shared Ownership Properties Under Construction £'000	<i>Total</i> £'000
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	289,305	37,488	599	0	327,392
Additions	125	21,902	0	0	22,027
Disposals	(31)	(2,338)	0	0	(2,369)
Disposals - LCHO	0	0	0	0	0
Schemes completed in year	16,541	(16,541)	0	0	0
Components - Additions	2,340	0	0	0	2,340
Components - Disposals	(497)	0	0	0	(497)
At 31 March 2022	307,783	40,511	599	0	348 893
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 April 2021	(43,325)	0	(199)	0	(43,524)
Charge for year	(3,936)	0	(6)	0	(3,942)
Depreciation on component disposals	431	0	0	0	431
At 31 March 2022	(46,830)	0	(205)	0	(47,035)
Subtotal at 1 April 2021	245,980	37,488	400	0	283,868
Subtotal at 31 March 2022	260,953	40,511	394	0	301,858
Housing properties comprise:			2022 £'000		2021 £'000
Housing properties :- Freehold			347,343		325,842
:- Long leas	ehold		1,550		1,550
			348,893		327,392

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2022

10. Tangible Fixed Assets - Housing Properties

	Housing Properties Held for Letting £'000	Housing Properties Under Construction £'000	Completed Shared Ownership Housing Properties £'000	Shared Ownership Properties Under Construction £'000	ASSOCIATION Total £'000
Cost					
At 1 April 2021	289,305	32,549	599	0	322,453
Additions	125	16,624	0	0	16,749
Disposals - Homebuy	(31)	(1,334)	0	0	(1,365)
Disposals	0	0	0	0	0
Schemes completed in year	16,541	(16,541)	0	0	0
Components - Additions	2,340	0	0	0	2,340
Components - Disposals	(497)	0	0	0	(497)
At 31 March 2022	307,783	31,298	599	0	339,680
Accumulated depreciation		-		2	
At 1 April 2021	(43,325)	0	(199)	0	(43,524)
Charge for year	(3,936)	0	(6)	0	(3,942)
Depreciation on component disposals	431	0	0	0	431
At 31 March 2022	(46,830)	0	(205)	0	(47,035)
Subtotal at 1 April 2021	245,980	32,549	400	0	278,929
Subtotal at 31 March 2022	260,953	31,298	394	0	292,645
Housing properties comprise:			2022 £'000		2021 £'000
Housing properties :- Freehold			338,130		320,903
:- Long lea	sehold		1,550		1,550
			339,680		322,453

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

11. Long Term investments

These comprise of housing units acquired under the Homebuy initiative where by the Association retains an equity share following the initial 70% sale to first time buyers.

Group and Association

following the initial 70% sale to first time buyers.	2022 £'000 23,097 430 27 27 23,554	ssociation		
		2021 £'000		
Long term investments	23,097	22,178		
Rent to Own	430	375		
Shared Ownership	27	-		
	23,554	22,553		

The LT investment relates to an interest free loan representing 30% of the purchase price of the Homebuy property (£39k), and 50% of the purchase price of the Rural Homebuy property, (£17,583k) by individuals under the Do It Yourself Homeownership scheme includes(£5,475k) self funded by Melin. The loan is fully funded by revenue and Social Housing Grant and the respective 30% and 50% of the sale proceeds are repayable when the property is sold.

12. Tangible Fixed Assets - Other

			Group and A	ssociation		
	Freehold Offices £'000	Office Equipment £'000	Computer Equipment £'000	Scheme Equipment £'000	Motor Vehicles £'000	Total £'000
Cost						
At 1 April 2021	2,438	875	2,006	1,614	655	7,588
Additions	•	156	354	24	-	534
Disposals	-	(257)	(7)	100	(47)	(311)
At 31 March 2022	2,438	774	2,353	1,638	608	7,811
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2021	436	509	1,548	1,269	335	4,097
Charge for year	30	96	248	55	159	588
Disposals		(103)			(47)	(150)
At 31 March 2022	466	502	1,796	1,324	447	4,535
Net book value						
At 31 March 2022	1,972	272	557	314	161	3,276
At 31 March 2021	2,002	366	458	345	320	3,491
ACST March 2021	2,002	300	430		320	3,491

Included in the above are motor vehicles and office equipment on hire purchase agreements with a net book value of £335,420.43 (2021: £589,222).

	(2021, £389,222).		GROUP	Δ90	OCIATION
13.	a) Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Arrears of rent and service charges Less: Provision for bad and doubtful debts	442 (158)	413 (174)	442 (158)	413 (174)
		284	239	284	239
	Other debtors	5,050	327	10,436	4,432
	Cash In Transit	87	118	87	118
	Rechargeable Repairs	24	9	24	9
	Prepayments and accrued income	5,657	1,282	5,657	1,282
	Service charge debtors	421	415	421	415
	Housing Finance Grant debtor	260	250	260	250
		11,783	2,640	17,169	6,745

	GROUP		ASSOCIATION		
b) Debtors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	
Housing Finance Grant debtor	9,970	10,230	9,970	10,230	
THFC deposit	598	598	598	598	
Mor Homes Deposit	259	259	259	259	
Loan Debtor	133	30	133	30	
	*************	***********			
	10,960	11,117	10,960	11,117	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2022

		GROUP	ASSO	CIATION
14. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	2022	2021	2022	2021
- Table 1	6,000	000'3	6.000	£,000
Debt due within a year	5,987	2,962	1,669	1,012
Rent and service charges received in advance	547	504	547	504
Purchase ledger	1,915	2.022	1,886	2,002
Accrued loan interest	348	321	348	321
Recycled Social Housing Grant	1,480	2.847	1_480	2,847
SHG received in advance	1 947	2,791	1,947	2,791
Accruals and deferred income	2,139	2,500	1,905	2,309
Corporation Tax	9	9	9	9
Service Charge Creditor	235	234	235	234
ICF Loan	7,864	3,604	7,864	3,604
Prommisory Note	0	2,700	0	2,700
ORP	1,592	0	1,592	0
Other creditors	271	365	271	365
	24,334	20,859	19,753	18,698

			GROUP	ASS	DCIATION
15.	Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Debt (note 16)	118,846	109,674	118,846	109,674
	Land for Housing Loan	2,700	2,700	2,700	2,700
	IHP	1,200	0	1,200	0
	WG Loan	1,000	0	1,000	0
	Mor Homes Bond Premium	486	517	486	517
	SHG received in advance	3,289	1,221	3,289	1221
	Recycled Social housing Grant	2,626	1,679	2,626	1,679
	Rent to Own Grant	116	116	116	116
	Shared Ownership Grant	953	0	953	Ð
	Leaseholder Major Repairs Creditor	393	357	393	357
	Leaseholder Cyclical Creditor	44	40	44	40
	Investment Grants	17.458	16,852	17,458	16,852
	Service Charges	45	39	45	39
		149,156	133,195	149 156	133,195
	Recycled Social housing Grant	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	2022 €'000	2021 £'000
	Opening balance 1st April 2021	4.526	4.662	4,526	4.662
	Movement during the year	-420	-136	-420	-136
	Balance at 31st March 2022	4,106	4,526	4,106	4,526

The net movement of (£420k) in the RCG balance between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022 represents the transfer of SHG resulting from the sale of low cost home ownership properties developed by the Association during the year of £455k and the use of £875k of RCG in DIY Low Cost Home Ownership properties

		GROUP	ASS	OCIATION
16. Debt Analysis	2022 £'000	2021 £'000	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Due within one year				
Housing loans	5,987	2,962	1,669	1,012
Due after more than one year				
Housing loans	118,846	109,674	118,846	109,674
Debt is repayable on loans as follows:				
Due within one year	5,987	2,962	1,669	1,012
Between one and two years	5,049	28,514	5,049	28,514
Between two and five years	29,582	23,192	29,582	23,192
In five years or more	84,215	57,968	84,215	57,968
	124,833	112,636	120,515	110,686

All housing loans are secured by fixed charges on individual properties, and are repayable by instalments. Interest payable on the loans at the year end was at either variable rates linked to either base rates or LIBOR, ranging from 1.56% to 1.71% during the year or fixed rates ranging from 0.79% to 12.1428%. The repayment terms of the loans vary from 5 to 37 years.

The Bank and Building Society loans are secured by fixed charges on individual properties

The loans from Fresh PLC, a member of Royal Bank of Scotland Group, are repaid in half-yearly instalments at an interest rate of 9.98582% and 12 1428% with the final instalment due to be repaid in 2041. The loan was conso

The loans from Bank and Building Societies are repaid in monthly or quarterly instalments over terms of 5 to 37 years at fixed and variable interest rates. The fixed interest rates at 31 March 2022 range from 0.79% to 8.38% and the variable from 1.56% to 1.71%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS For the year ended 31 March 2022

17. Social housing and other government grants

Social housing and other government g	Housing Properties	Housing Properties	Completed Shared Ownership	GROUP & ASSO Shared Ownership Properties	OCIATION
Gross grant creditor At 1 April 2021 Additions	Held for Letting £'000 159,117 405	Under Construction £'000 10,235 5,765	Housing Properties £'000 384 0	Under Construction £'000 0	<i>Total</i> £'000 169,736 6,170
Disposals/transfers	(215)	0	0	0	(215)
Disposals - LCHO	0	_ 0	0	0	Ö
Schemes completed in year	5,723	(5,723)	0	0	0
At 31 March 2022	165,030	10,277	384	0	175,691
Amortisation					
At 1 April 2021	20,449	0	128	0	20,577
Credit for the year	1,304	0	4	0	1,308
Schemes disposed in year	(3)	0	0	0	(3)
At 31 March 2022	21,750	0	132	0	21,882
Net grant creditor					
At 31 March 2022	143,280	10,277	252	0	153,809
At 1 April 2021	138,668	10,235	256	0	149,159
the grants are amortised as follows:					
			GROUP & AS		
			2022	2021	
Avenue & Miller de la constant			£,000	£'000	
Amounts falling due:			4.270	4 200	
Within one year or less			1,373	1,329	
Between one and two years			1,373	1,329	
Between two and five years			4,119	3,987	
In five years or more			146,944	142,514	
In more than one year			152,436	147,830	
Total grant creditor			153,809	149,159	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

	GROUP & ASSOCIATION		
18. Share Capital	2022 £	2021 £	
Shares of £1 each issued and fully paid			
At 1 April	34	37	
New members during the year	3	-	
Members written back during year	(5)	(3)	
At 31 March	32	34	

The shares were issued for cash at par.

The shares provide members with the right to vote at general meetings, but do not provide any rights to dividends or distributions on a winding up.

19.	Capital Commitments	GROUP & ASS 2022 £'000	OCIATION 2021 £'000
	Capital expenditure that has been contracted for but has not been provided for in the financial statements.	31,498	20,327
	Capital expenditure that has been authorised by the Board but has not yet been contracted for.	10,608	9,405

The Board of Management expect that the expenditure will be fully financed by the Welsh Government, Banks and internally through Melin's own resources.

20. Investment Grants

The investment grant is funding received from the Welsh Government to fund the Homebuy scheme, the assets of which are shown as a long term investment (Note 11).

the desired of thinks and discount and disco	GROUP & ASSOCIATION	
	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
Investment Grants	17,458	16,852

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21. Pensions

Employees of the Association participate in one of the three pension schemes currently operated by the Association and Group, these being the Social Housing Pensions Schemes, Torfaen County Borough Council pension scheme, and the Royal London scheme.

The overall pension liability provision is £5,400k for 31st March 2022. This is made up of £4,788k for the LGPS and £612k for SHPS DB, as referred to below.

Following an extensive staff consultation exercise in October 2009, the Board closed both final salary pension schemes to new members, however opened a window in December 2014 for staff to transfer from SHPS to LGPS. Both schemes are now closed to any new members. The defined contribution schemes were introduced with Royal London from 1 July 2010 and SHPS from April 2014.

This is the third year where the SHPS DB accounting changes have been reflected in the accounts. This has resulted in an actuarial gain for the current year of £621k, so along with the £2,859k actuarial gain in the LGPS scheme, the total actuarial gain for the current year is £3,480k.

Pensions Obligations

a. Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS)

The Association participates in the Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS). The Scheme is funded and is contracted out of the state scheme.

SHPS is a multi-employer defined benefits scheme. Employer participation in the scheme is subject to adherence with the employer responsibilities and obligations as set out in the "SHPS House Policies and Rules Employer Guide".

An employer can elect to operate different benefit structures for their active members and their new entrants. An employer can only operate one open defined benefit structure plus CARE 1/120th, plus the defined contribution benefit structure at any one time. An open benefit structure is one which new entrants are able to join.

The Association had elected to operate the final salary with a 1/60th accrual rate benefits structure for active members as at 1 April 2007 and the final salary with a 1/70th accrual rate benefit structure for new entrants from 1 April 2007.

The Trustee commissions an actuarial valuation of the scheme every 3 years. The main purpose of the valuation is to determine the financial position of the scheme in order to determine the level of future contributions required, in respect of each benefit structure, so that the scheme can meet its pension obligations as they fall due. From April 2007 the split of the total contribution rate between member and employer is set at an individual employer level, subject to the employer paying no less than 50% of the total contribution rate. From 1 April 2010 the requirement for employers to pay at least 50% of the total contribution rate no longer applies.

The actuarial valuation assesses whether the scheme's assets at the valuation date are likely to be sufficient to pay the pension benefits accrued by members as at the valuation date. Asset values are calculated by reference to market levels. Accrued pension benefits are valued by discounting expected future benefits payments using a discount rate calculated by reference to the expected future investment returns.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21. Pensions Obligations - continued

b. Social Housing Pension Scheme

As at the balance sheet date there were no active members of the scheme employed by the Association.

The Association made an annual contribution towards the past service deficit of £168,000 up to March 2022 and £165,000 up to March 2021.

In accordance with FRS102 reporting requirements, Melin Homes Limited is required to disclose certain information concerning assets, liabilities, income and expenditure related to pension schemes for its employees.

The most recent valuation was carried out as at 30 September 2017, and has been updated by independent actuaries to the SHPS fund to take account of the requirements of FRS102 in order to assess the liabilities of the fund as at 31 March 2022. Liabilities are valued on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method, which assesses the future liabilities discounted to their present value.

The main assumptions used for the purpose of FRS102 are as follows:

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	% per annum	% per annum
Salary Growth	4.17%	3,87%
Inflation (RPI)	3.54%	3.26%
Inflation (CPI)	2.95%	2.60%
Discount rate	2.85%	2.15%

The mortality assumptions adopted at 31 March 2022 imply the following life expectancies:

	Life expectancy at age 65 (Years)
Male retiring in 2022	21.1
Female retiring in 2022	23.7
Male retiring in 2042	22.4
Female retiring in 2042	25.2

The following amounts were measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS102 for period ended 31 March 2022:

PRESENT VALUES OF DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION, FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND DEFINED BENEFIT ASSET (LIABILITY)

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	(£000£)	(£000s)
Fair value of plan assets	6,347	6,035
Present value of defined benefit obligation	6 959	7,408
Surplus (deficit) in plan	(612)	(1,373)
Defined benefit asset (liability) to be recognised	(612)	(1,373)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21. Pensions Obligations - continued

The following amounts were measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS102 for period ended 31 March 2022:

RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE DEFINED BENEFIT OBLIGATION

	Period ended
	31 March 2022
	(£000s)
Defined benefit obligation at start of period	7,408
Expenses	-
Interest expense	158
Actuarial losses (gains) due to scheme experience	301
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in demographic assumptions	(115)
Actuarial losses (gains) due to changes in financial assumptions	(653)
Benefits paid and expenses	(140)
Defined benefit obligation at end of period	6,959

RECONCILIATION OF OPENING AND CLOSING BALANCES OF THE FAIR VALUE OF PLAN ASSETS

	Period ended 31 March 2022	
	(£000s)	
Fair value of plan assets at start of period	6,035	
Interest income	130	
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in interest income) - gain (loss)	154	
Contributions by the employer	168	
Benefits paid and expenses	(140)	
Fair value of plan assets at end of period	6,347	

DEFINED BENEFIT COSTS RECOGNISED IN OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

	Period ended
	31 March 2022
	(£000s)
Experience on plan assets (excluding amounts included in net interest cost) - gain (loss)	154
Experience gains and losses arising on the plan liabilities - gain (loss)	(301)
Effects of changes in the demographic assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	115
Effects of changes in the financial assumptions underlying the present value of the defined benefit obligation - gain (loss)	653
Total actuarial gains and losses (before restriction due to some of the surplus not being recognisable) - gain (loss)	621
Total amount recognised in other comprehensive income - gain (loss)	621

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21 Pensions Obligations - continued

b. Greater Gwent (Torfaen) pension scheme

In accordance with FRS102 reporting requirements, Melin Homes Limited is required to disclose certain information concerning assets, liabilities, income and expenditure related to pension schemes for its employees.

Melin Homes Limited participates in the Greater Gwent pension scheme, which is administered by Torfaen County Borough Council and is a defined benefit scheme, based on final pensionable salary.

The most recent valuation was carried out as at 31 March 2019, and has been updated by independent actuaries to the Greater Gwent pension fund to take account of the requirements of FRS102 in order to assess the liabilities of the fund as at 31 March 2022. Liabilities are valued on an actuarial basis using the projected unit method, which assesses the future liabilities discounted to their present value.

Melin Homes Limited's contribution rate from 1 April 2021 to 31 March 2022 was 26.3% of pensionable salary costs.

The main assumptions used for the purpose of FRS102 are as follows:

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021
	% per annum	% per annum
Rate of increase in salaries	2.55%	2.6%
Rate of increase in pensions	2.95%	2.6%
Discount rate	2.85%	2.15%

Assets are valued at fair value, principally market value for investments, and comprise:

	31 March 2022	31 March 2021	
	%	%	
Equities	81	81	
Bonds	16	17	
Property	3	2	
Cash/Liquidity	0	1	

The proportions of total assets held in each asset type, shown above, reflect the proportions held by the fund as a whole at 31 March 2022.

As at the balance sheet date there were 40 active members of the scheme employed by the Association.

The pension charge includes contributions payable by the Association to the fund and amounted to £818,320 67 in 2022 (£816,308 in 2021).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21. Pensions Obligations - continued

The following amounts were measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS102 for period ended 31 March 2022:

Fair Value of plan assets Present Value of funded liabilties Opening position as at 31 March 2021	Assets £'000 15,884 - 15,884	Obligations £'000 - 23,437 23,437	Net (liability)/ asset £'000 15,884 (23,437) (7,553)
Service Cost Current service cost Total Service Cost	-	652 652	(652) (652)
Net Interest Interest income on plan assets Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	348	509 509	348 (509) (161)
Total defined benefit cost recognised in Profit or (Loss)	348	1,161	(813)
Cashflows Plan participants' contributions Employer contributions Benefits Paid Expected closing position	99 719 (215) 16,835	99 (215) 24,482	719 - (7,647)
Remeasurements Changes in demographic assumptions Changes in financial assumptions Other experience Return on assets exc amounts included in net interest Total remeasurements recognised in Other Comprehensive Income (OCI)	620 620	(122) (2,198) 81 (2,239)	122 2,198 (81) 620 2,859
Fair Value of plan assets Present Value of finded liabilties Closing position as at 31 March 2022	17,455 - 17,455	22,243 22,243	17,455 (22,243) (4,788)

The following amounts were measured in accordance with the requirements of FRS102 for period ended 31 March 2021:

			Net (liability)/
	Assets	Obligations	asset
	£'000	£'000	£'000
Fair Value of plan assets	11,581	-	11,581
Present Value of finded liabilties		16,273	(16,273)
Opening position as at 31 March 2020	11,581	16,273	(4,692)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21. Pensions Obligations - continued

•			Net (liability)/
	Assets	Obligations	asset
Service Cost	£,000	£'000	£'000
Current service cost	<u>-</u>	434	(434)
Total Service Cost	-	434	(434)
Net Interest			
Interest income on plan assets	286	-	286
Interest cost on defined benefit obligation	507.3	395	(395)
	286	395	(109)
Total defined benefit cost recognised	286	829	(543)
in Profit or (Loss)			
Cashflows			
Plan participants' contributions	99	99	=
Employer contributions	718	-	718
Benefits Paid	(144)	(144)	- (4.545)
Expected closing position	12,540	17,057	(4,517)
Remeasurements			
Changes in democgraphic assumptions		287	(287)
Changes in financial assumptions		6,206	(6,206)
Other experience	2 244	(113)	113 3,344
Return on assets exc amounts included in net interest Total remeasurements recognised in Other	3,344 3,344	6,380	(3,036)
Comprehensive Income (OCI)			(0,000)
Fair Value of plan assets	15,884	-	15,884
Present Value of finded liabilities	-	23,437	(23,437)
Closing position as at 31 March 2021	15,884	23,437	(7,553)

c. Royal London Defined Contribution Scheme

The Association set up the Royal London Defined Contribution Scheme from 1 July 2010. Only new staff are eligible to join the Group Person Pension which offers flexibility over payment levels, Investment Choice and control and benefit flexibility at retirement. The scheme is closed to existing employees.

Between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, the Association paid contribution rates between 5.5% and 9%. Member contribution rates varied between 3% and 21%. As at the balance sheet date, there were 118 active members of the scheme employed by the Association.

The pension charge includes contributions payable by the Association to the fund and amounted to £471,318.83 in 2022 (£428,040 in 2021).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

21. Pensions Obligations - continued

d. Social Housing Pension Scheme (SHPS) Defined Contribution Scheme

The Association set up the SHPS Defined Contribution Scheme in April 2014.

The scheme is used as the Association's Auto Enrolment Scheme.

Between 1 April 2021 and 31 March 2022, the Association paid contribution rates of 3%.

Member contribution rates were 5%. As at the balance sheet date, there were 51 active members of the scheme employed by the Association.

The pension charge includes contributions payable by the Association to the fund and amounted to £45,491.75 in 2022 (£49,136 in 2021).

22. Controlling Interests

On the 23 June 1998 Melin Homes Ltd became the sole Trustee of Henry Burton Almshouse Charity. As at 31 March 2022, the total net assets of the Charity amounted to £1,341,018. The total turnover was £143,717 and the net surplus for the year was £156,528.

As the Managing Agent, Melin Homes received a total of £35,402 in fees from the Charity during the current year (2021: £34,371). There was £17,968 balance owing as at 31 March 2022. (2021: £18,396).

The Registrar of Friendly Societies has agreed that the accounts of Henry Burton Almshouse Charity need not be consolidated with those of the Association.

23. Related Parties

The terms and conditions of the tenancy are the standard terms and conditions for the type of tenancy held.

Melin Homes Ltd was owed £5,467k from its subsidiary Candleston Ltd as at 31st March 2022 (2021:£4,142k).

24 Taxation

Melin Homes Limited is registered with Charitable status as a housing association and with the Friendly Societies and Charity Commission. It benefits from corporation tax exemptions available to charitable bodies. Those primary purpose activities that fall within its charitable purposes and where its funds are applied only for these purposes are exempt from corporation tax. Those activities that are not primary purpose are subject to corporation tax for which full provision is made.

The remaining member of the Group is liable to Corporation Tax at the prevailing rate of taxation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the year ended 31 March 2022

25. Contingent Liabilities

As stated in the accounting policies, social housing grant is repayable in certain circumstances and therefore any amounts written off could be liable for repayment. The amount to date that the Association may need to repay should these circumstances arise is £21,882k.

26.	Corporation Tax	2022 £'000	2021 £'000
	Corporation tax charge	9	10
	The basis of corporation tax charge is explained in note 24.		
27.	Housing Properties Held for Sale Housing properties held for sale at the beginning of the year	2022 £'000	2021 £'000 58
	Housing properties transferred during the year Housing properties held for sale at the end of the year	<u> </u>	(58)

28. Group Note

The Association has one directly owned subsidiary, Candleston Limited of which 100% of the share capital is owned. The results of the subsidiary are shown in note 3 with the year end outstanding balances disclosed in note 23.

Melin Homes Limited is legally owned by its shareholders, but they are restricted and have no personal beneficial interest in the assets of the Association. The ultimate controlling party is considered to be the Board of directors.

Melin Homes Limited is the parent of the largest and smallest group in which the results of the Group are consolidated. Copies of the consolidated financial statements are available on request from the registered address of the Association.